Question 3 - 20 points

- (a) Show that the condition for the vectors \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} , and \mathbf{c} to be coplanar is: $\varepsilon_{ijk}a_ib_jc_k = 0$.
- (b) The Stokes theorem can be stated as

$$\int_{C} \mathbf{t} \cdot \mathbf{v} dC = \int_{S} \hat{\mathbf{n}} \cdot \left(\nabla \times \mathbf{v} \right) dS$$

for a vector field **v**. This is discussed in section A.5. Use this equality between surface (S) and bounding contour (C) integrals to prove that $\nabla \times (\nabla f) = 0$ for any single-valued twice-differentiable scalar f. Hint: consider various surface regions S and orientations $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$.